

# Arthrex Flatfoot Solutions



4.5 and 6.7 mm  
LPS Screws



Bio-Tenodesis™  
Screws



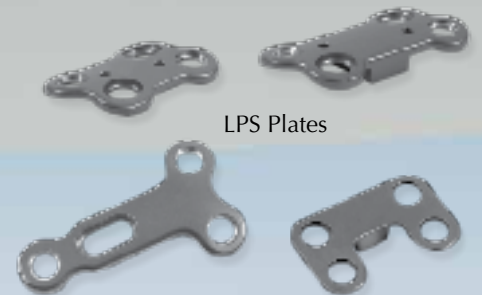
Absorbable TRIM-IT™  
Screws



ProStop®



Anchors



LPS Plates



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Product	Degree of Talar Uncoverage			Pearls and Recommendations
	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	
<b>Bio-Tenodesis Screws</b> 4.75 mm x 15 mm 5.5 mm x 15 mm 6.25 mm x 15 mm	Flexor Digitorum Longus (FDL) Transfer or Kidner Fixation			Reduce FDL harvest incision. Tension with driver tip or pull-through technique using SpeedWhip™ with FiberLoop®
<b>Subtalar Screws</b> ProStop Arthroereisis ProStop Plus®	Splint to limit subtalar motion and maintain alignment, while soft tissues heal			Insert so that tip is not beyond midline of the talus and back is covered by talar shoulder
<b>Plates</b> LPS H-Plate	Lateral Column Lengthening (LCL) via Evans Calcaneal Osteotomy or Calcaneocuboid (CC) Distraction Arthrodesis to correct forefoot varus following hindfoot realignment			Insert nonlocking screws first to reduce the plate to bone and compress fragments
LPS Lapidus Plate	Stabilization of the medial column			Place medially to put plate in its strongest orientation ( <i>TMT joint preparation is key</i> )
<b>Bioabsorbable Screws</b> 6.5 mm Bi-Cortical Bio-Post®	Medializing Calcaneal Osteotomy (MCO) Fixation			Don't overdrill fragment and insert screw until head snaps off for headless threaded Bio-Post
TRIM-IT™, 4.5 mm	Medializing Calcaneal Osteotomy (MCO) Fixation			Fully tap. Stop screw insertion if resistance is met prior to head-cortex contact
<b>Titanium Screws</b> LPS 4.5 mm Cannulated Lag	Talinavicular (TN) and Calcaneocuboid (CC) Fusion Fixation			Advance guide pin after measuring to avoid pull-out
LPS 6.7 mm Cannulated Lag	Medializing Calcaneal Osteotomy (MCO) and Subtalar Fusion Fixation			Advance guide pin after measuring to avoid pull-out
<b>Anchors</b> 5 mm Corkscrew® 5.5 mm Bio-Corkscrew FT 3.5 mm PushLock®	Kidner or Flexor Digitorum Longus (FDL) Transfer Procedures			Advance FiberWire® sutures into cuneiform with SutureBridge™ technique