Distal Fibular Nonunion Case

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Background

- 30-year-old male
- Smoker, otherwise healthy
- Weber B fracture (Fig. 1)
- Treated nonsurgically
- Patient presented with pain 5 months later

Examination and Pre-op Observations

Five months postinjury, the fractured distal fibula showed no signs of healing (Fig. 2.1). The CT scan also showed no sign of healing with minimal bone callus at the fracture site (Fig. 2.2).

Diagnosis/Assessment/Treatment

The diagnosis of a nonunion of the left distal fibula fracture was made after X-ray and CT scan examinations. The persistent pain the patient was experiencing along with the diagnosis of a nonunion of the distal fibula fracture warranted surgery.

Surgical Notes/Pearls

A FibuLock® fibular nail was used to provide internal fixation of the nonunion. While preparing the intramedullary canal for the implant, the reduction was stabilized with percutaneous reduction clamps. The implant talons were activated proximally and the fracture was compressed using the compression screw feature. An additional lateral/medial locking screw was placed proximally for fixation on both sides of the fracture site.

Six Month Follow-up

At 6-month follow-up, the patient was asymptomatic and both anterior and lateral X-ray images showed healing (Fig. 3.1 and 3.2). A 1-year follow-up was scheduled.